

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2015

Pearson Edexcel Certificate Chemistry (KCH0) Paper 2C

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Chemistry (4CH0) Paper 2C

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

	Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
1	а	i	C (neutrons and protons)		1
		ii	A (6)		1
		iii	D (11)		1
	b		4		1
	С	i	P AND T		1
		ii	S		1
	d		(one) more electron than protons	Accept more electrons than protons	1
			OR	Accept fewer protons than electrons	
				Accept 2 electrons and 1 proton	
			(one) fewer proton than electrons	Ignore references to electron gained	
				Total	7 marks

	uesti umb		Answer	Notes	Marks
2	а		gas escapes / gas is lost (from the crucible)	Accept gas is given off / gas is evolved / gas is released / gas is given off	1
				Allow carbon dioxide/CO <sub>2</sub> for gas	
				Ignore copper(II) carbonate decomposes	
				Reject incorrect name of gas	
	b		(CuCO₃(s)) green	Ignore qualifiers such as pale / dark	1
				Reject any other colours	
			(CuO(s)) black	Ignore qualifiers such as pale / dark	1
				Reject any other colours	
				Allow 1/2 for two correct colours in wrong order	
	С	i	1		1
		ii	the last two masses are not the same OR no two masses are the same	Part (ii) DEP on correct or missing answer to part (i)	1
				Accept mass still changing / mass not constant / mass is still decreasing	
				Accept results / readings in place of mass	
				Accept reverse argument eg the others are to constant mass	
		iii	D (spirit burner instead of Bunsen burner)		1

d	$\frac{3.4 \times 100}{3.7}$		1
	92 %	Accept 3 or more sf, eg 91.9 / 91.89 / 91.892	1
		Correct answer with no working scores 2	
		Allow 1 mark for 0.92	
		Total	8 marks

	ıesti umb		Answer	Notes	Marks
3	а		B (red-brown liquid)		1
	b		2 (1) 2	Accept multiples and fractions	1
	С	i	a halogen/an element cannot displace itself  OR  no reaction / no displacement (would occur)	Accept a halogen does not react with its own (halide) ions Accept correct reference to a specific halogen/halide ion  Accept nothing happens  Reject any references to a halogen having the same reactivity as a halide (ion)	1
		ii	a halogen cannot displace a more reactive halogen     OR     a halogen cannot react with the (halide) ions of a more reactive halogen	Reject any references to a halogen having a different reactivity to a halide (ion)  Accept correct reference to a specific halogen/halide ion	1
		iii	potassium bromide	Ignore any formula  Reject any other species with corrected name	1

	Question number			Answer	Notes	Marks
3		iv	М1	(correct products) KCl AND I <sub>2</sub>	Accept in either order	
			M2	2 2	M2 DEP on M1	
	С	<b>&gt;</b>		(both) reduction AND oxidation occur (in the same reaction)	Accept (both) gain AND loss of electrons occurs (in the same reaction)  Accept (both) gain AND loss of oxygen occurs (in the same reaction)  Accept (both) increase AND decrease of oxidation states/oxidation numbers (in the same reaction)  Ignore incorrect species being oxidised and reduced / losing and gaining electrons	1

	vi	M1	(species) $I^-$ / iodide (ion)		1
		M2	(reason) loss of electron(s)	Accept increase in oxidation number <b>OR</b> oxidation number changes from $-1$ to $0$	1
				Ignore number of electrons lost	
				M2 DEP on M1 correct, or near miss e.g. iodine	
				Total 1	0 marks

	Question number			Answer	Notes	Marks
4	а	i		zymase	Accept yeast	1
		ii		2CO <sub>2</sub>		1
	b			any value in range 250 – 350 (°C)	If range given, it must lie inside 250-350	1
					Accept equivalent answers in other units, if the unit is given	
	С		M1	(reaction 1) fermentation	Accept decomposition	2
					Ignore anaerobic respiration	
			M2	(reaction 3) hydration	Accept addition	
					Ignore references to continuous process	
	d			Any two of:		2
				<ul> <li>product is pure(r) / product is (more) concentrated</li> </ul>	Accept does not need separating from impurities	
				<ul><li>reaction is fast(er)</li></ul>		
				• continuous process is more efficient		
				greater atom economy		

	Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
4	е		or ocrude oil (to obtain ethene from)  OR  sugar cane is renewable /sugar cane is sustainable / crude oil is finite	Accept (large area of) land on which to grow sugar cane  Ignore references to glucose  Accept have a suitable climate for growing sugar cane  Accept crude oil is (too) expensive  Accept maize in place of sugar cane	1
	f	i	$C_2H_5OH \rightarrow C_2H_4 + H_2O$	Accept displayed/structural formulae) Accept word equation If both word and chemical equation given both must be correct	1
		ii	dehydration / elimination		1
				Total 1	10 marks

Question number			Answer	Notes	Marks	
5	а		M1	(after) 22.3	All answers must be to 0.1 °C	3
			M2	(before) 16.7	Penalise addition of trailing zero once only	
			М3		Award 1 mark for two correct readings in the wrong order	
					M3 CQ on temperature readings	
					Ignore units	
	b	i	M1	100 × 4.2 × 4.9	Accept answer to 2 or 3 sf	2
			M2	2058	eg 2060 / 2100	
					Accept answer in kJ if unit given	
					Ignore signs	
					Allow 1 mark for correct calculation based on incorrect temperature change	
		ii	M1	6.3 134		2
			M2	0.047	Accept 1 or more sig figs, eg 0.05	
					Correct answer with no working scores 2	

iesti umbe			Answer	Notes	Marks
С	i	M1	2400 0.048 x 1000 50	Accept 50.0 and 50.00  Award 1 mark for 50 000  Award 2 marks for 50 000 if units changed to J/mol on answer line  Ignore signs  Correct answer with no working scores 2	2
С	ii		Energy    lithium iodide + water	Mark M1 and M2 independently M1 for horizontal line drawn below (labelled or unlabelled) M2 for (vertical) line connecting the two horizontal lines AND labelled $\Delta H$ (ignore sign) Ignore all arrow heads Ignore curves for energy profiles including activation energy	2 1 marks

	Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
6	а		too reactive / very reactive	Accept words with equivalent meaning	1
			OR	eg highly	
			high in the reactivity series		
	b	i	B (stage 2)		1
		ii	calcium chloride / CaCl <sub>2</sub>	If both name and formula given, mark name only	1
		iii	(they / the ions) are mobile	Accept free to move Accept move to electrodes (allow even if incorrect electrodes)  Accept ions break free from lattice/crystal Not just free Allow they/ions are delocalised Ignore references to conduction	1
		iv	$2CI^- \rightarrow CI_2 + 2e^{(-)}$	Accept $2CI^ 2e^{(-)} \rightarrow CI_2$	1

	Question number			Answer		Notes	Mar	ks
6	С	i	M1	Correct calculation of $M_r$ (MgCl <sub>2</sub> )		Sample calculation:	2	
			M2	M1 x 2		M1 = 95		
						M2 = 190 (kg)		
						Accept 190 000 g		
						<b>M2</b> CQ on <b>M1</b> when <b>M1</b> is a genuine attempt to calculate $M_r$ (MgCl <sub>2</sub> )		
						Correct answer with no working scores 2		
	С		Aw	ard 2 marks for 4000			<b>-</b>	
			Aw	ard 1 mark if one error 200		00 (wrong ratio for Mg and electrons)	2	
					4 (v	working in grams instead of kilograms)		

Question number			Answer	Notes	Marks
6	d	M1	Mix magnesium oxide and sulfuric acid (and heat)		
		M2	Use excess MgO		
		М3	Filter (before heating to remove some water)		
		M4	<u>Heat</u> (the solution) to remove <u>some</u> water / for a short period of time	If heated to dryness, no M4 or M5	5
		M5	Leave to crystallise	Allow place in a <u>warm</u> oven (to evaporate the excess water) to form crystals	